

RISK
MANAGEMENT IN
GLOBAL FUND
SUPPORTED
PROGRAMS IN
PAKISTAN

ROUND 9 - HIV

Nai Zindagi, Pakistan

March 28-29, 2012
Health Services Academy
Islamabad

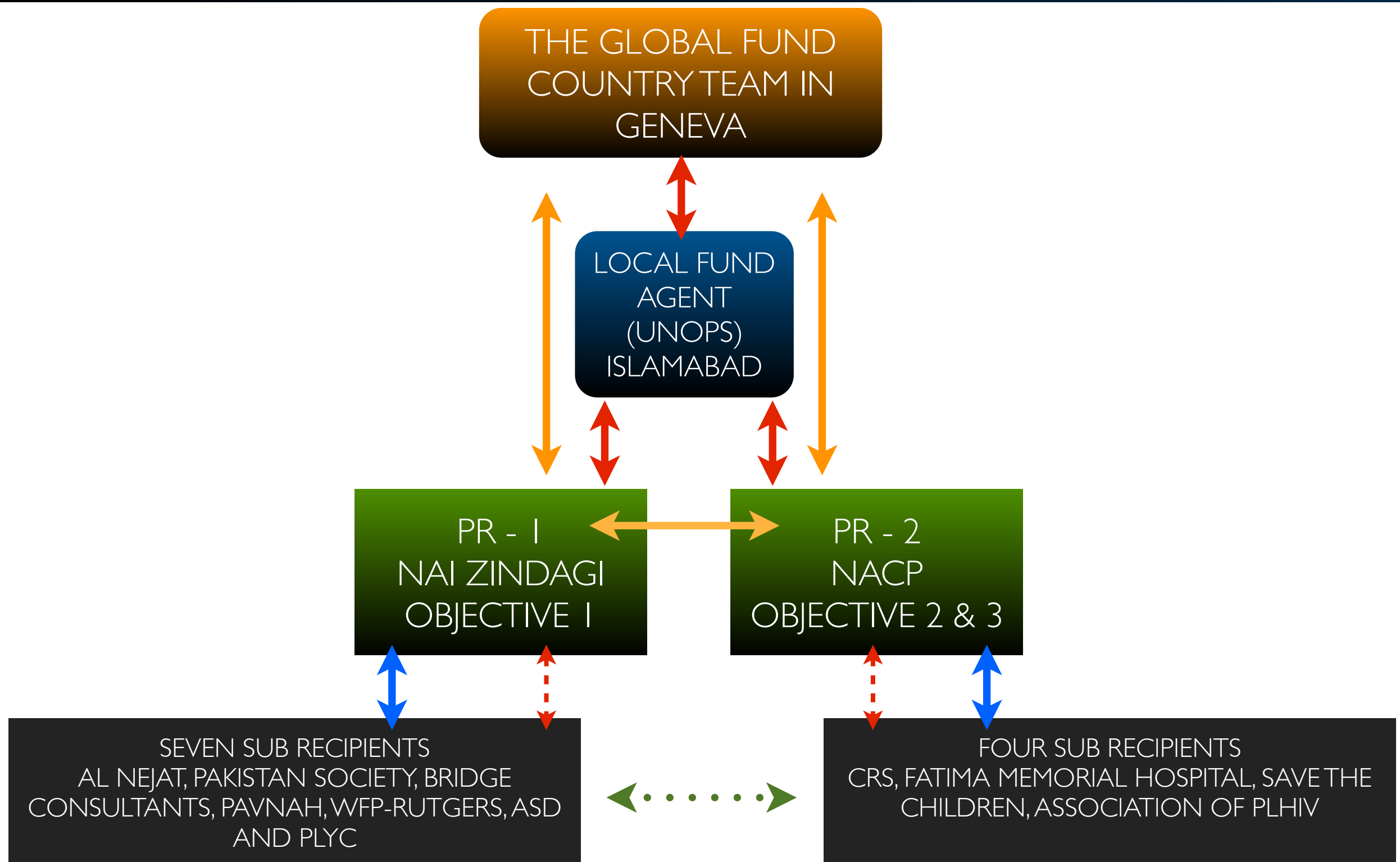
PRIMARY OBJECTIVE

PREVENT HALT AND REVERSE HIV AMONG PEOPLE WHO INJECT DRUGS, THEIR WIVES AND CHILDREN

To provide a specific range of harm reduction services in 24 districts of Punjab and Sindh to 28,000 street based persons who inject drugs (PWIDs), their wives and children. In addition provide access to HIV and AIDS related diagnostics, treatment and care services to HIV positive clients, through the Principal Recipient (PR) - National AIDS Control Program (NACP) and its sub-contracted Sub Recipients.

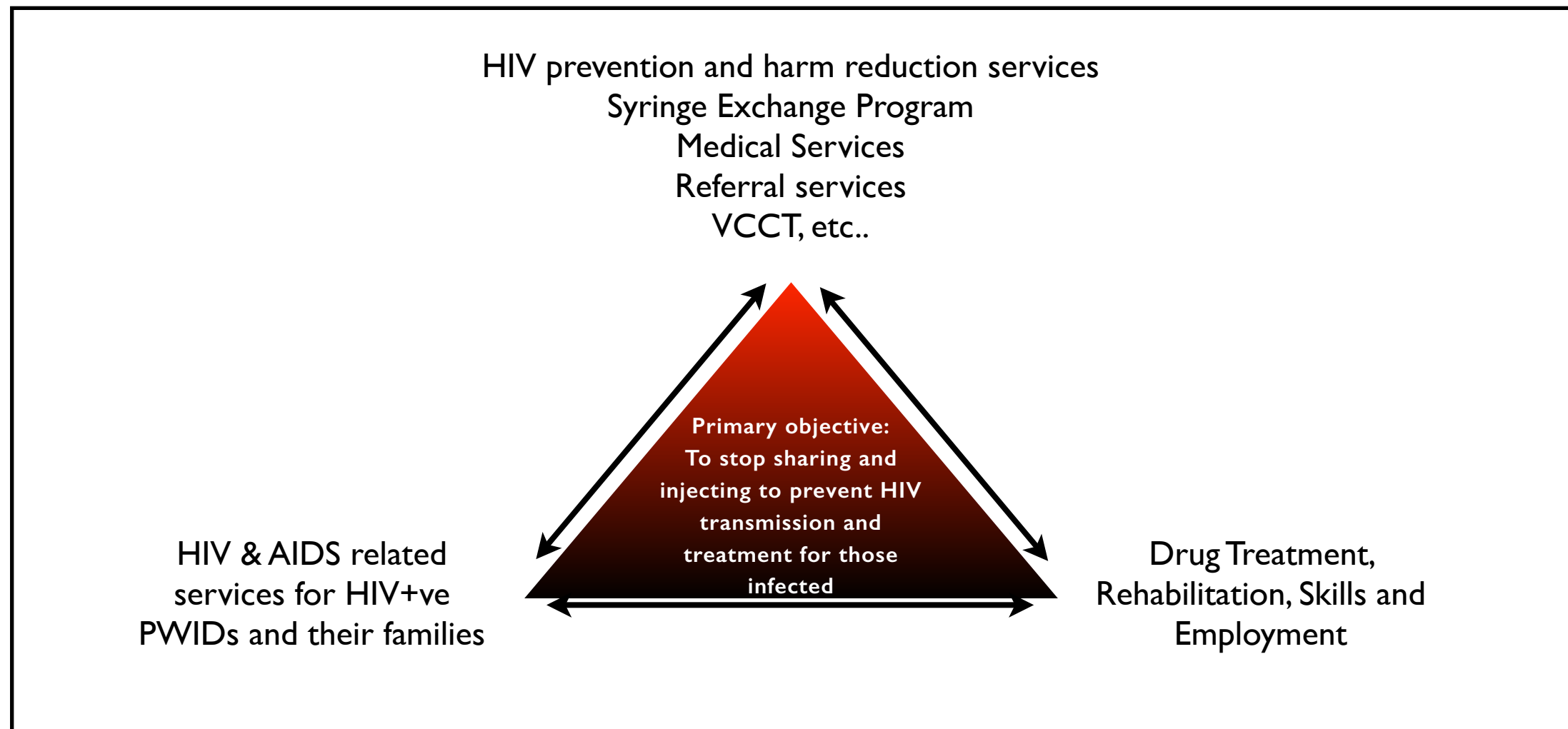
THE MANAGEMENT

ARRANGEMENT OF THE GLOBAL FUND ROUND 9 - HIV



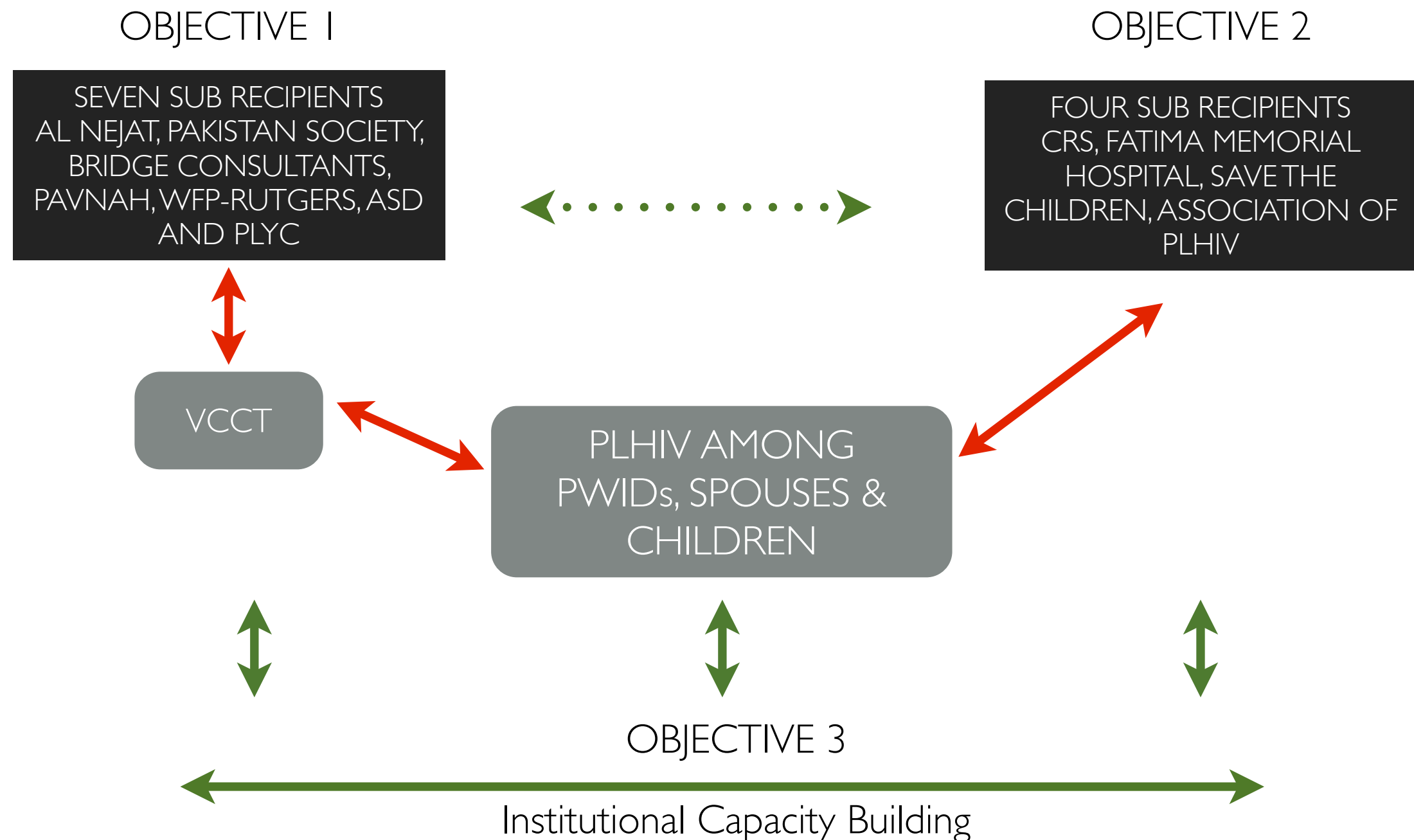
HARM REDUCTION

WHAT HAS WORKED BEST IN PAKISTAN



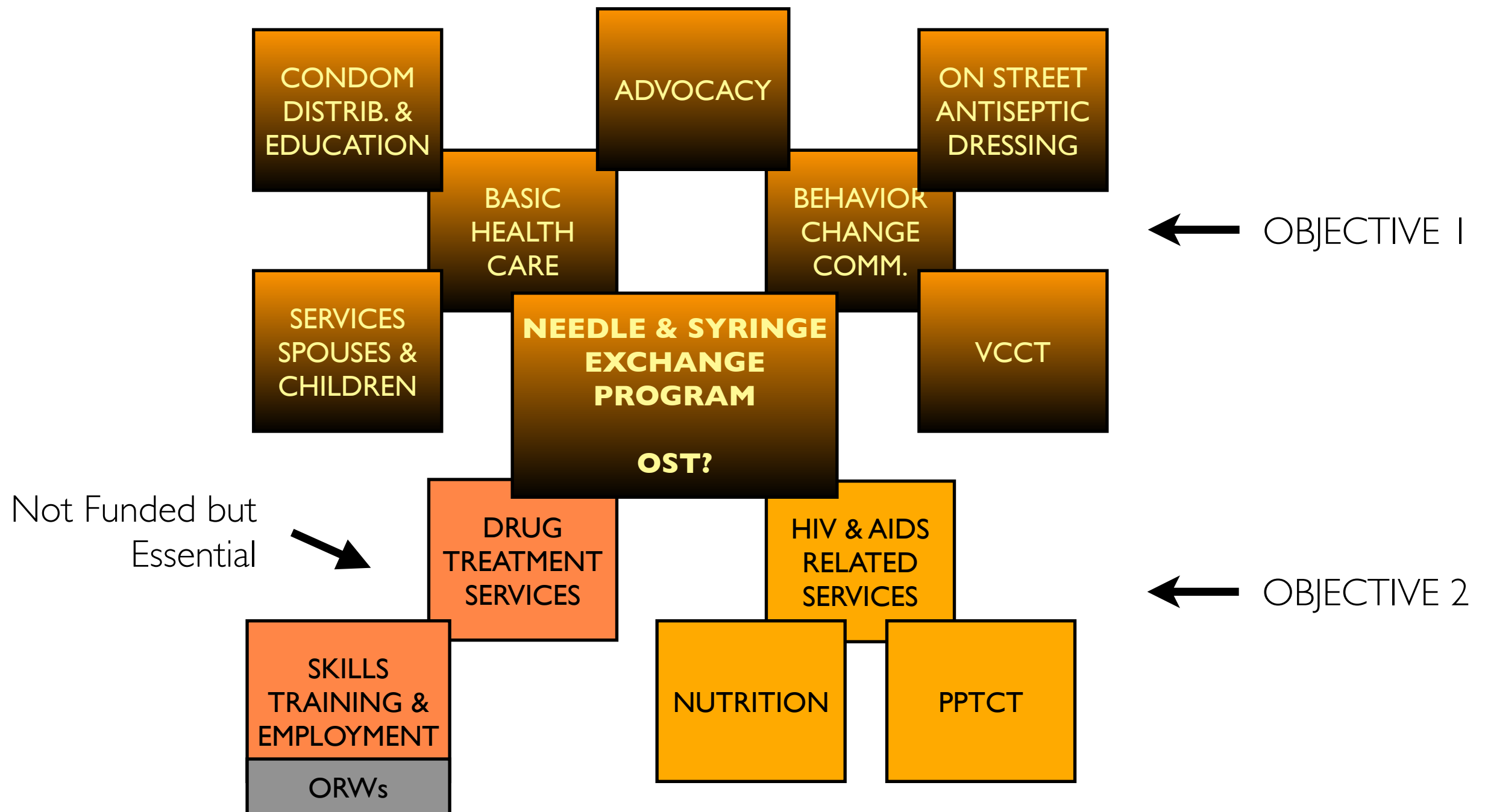
THE OBJECTIVES

AND HOW THEY FIT INTOGETHER



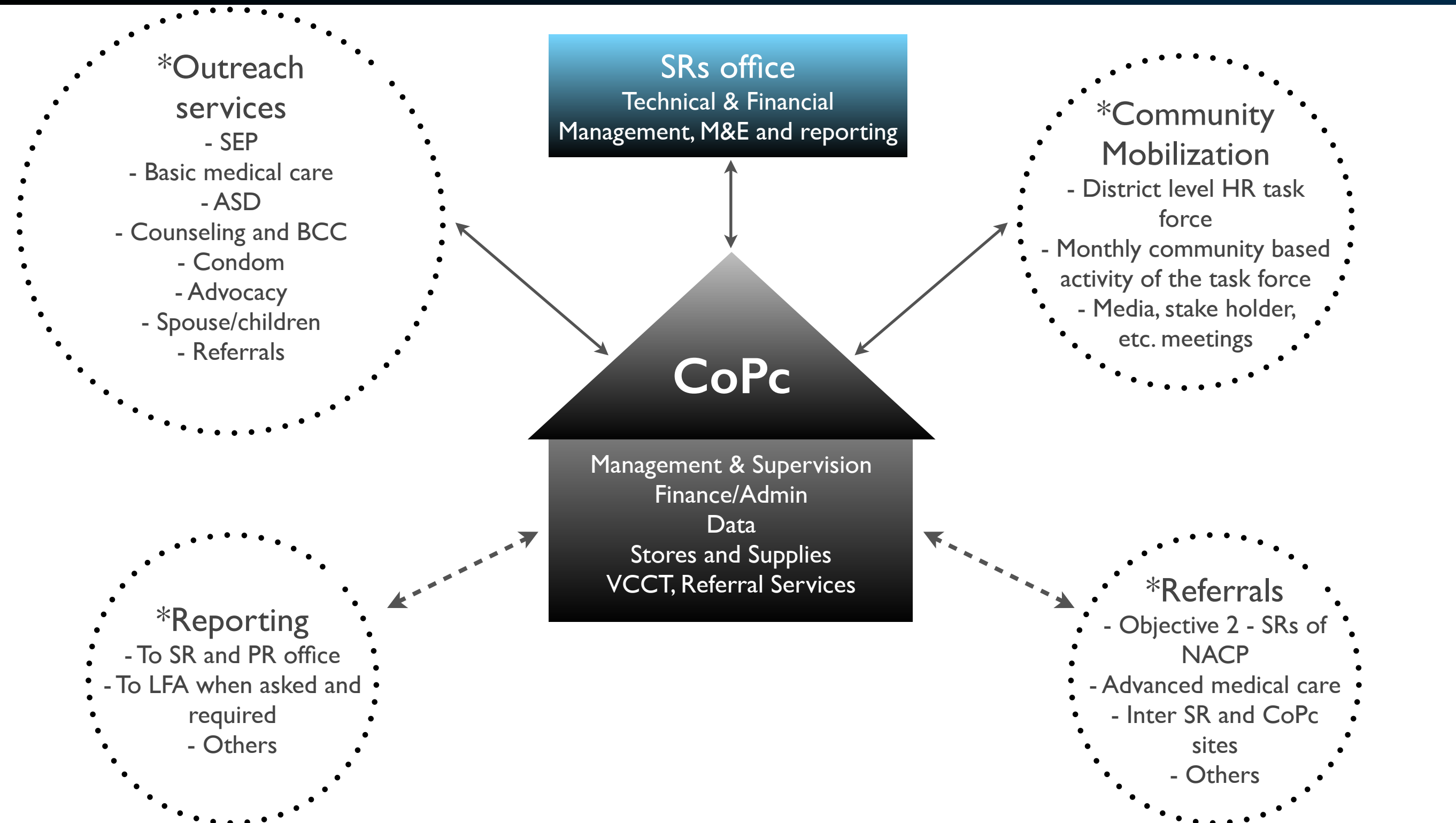
CONTINUUM OF CARE

PROGRAM MANAGEMENT, DATA COLLECTION, ANALYSIS, MONITORING AND EVALUATION



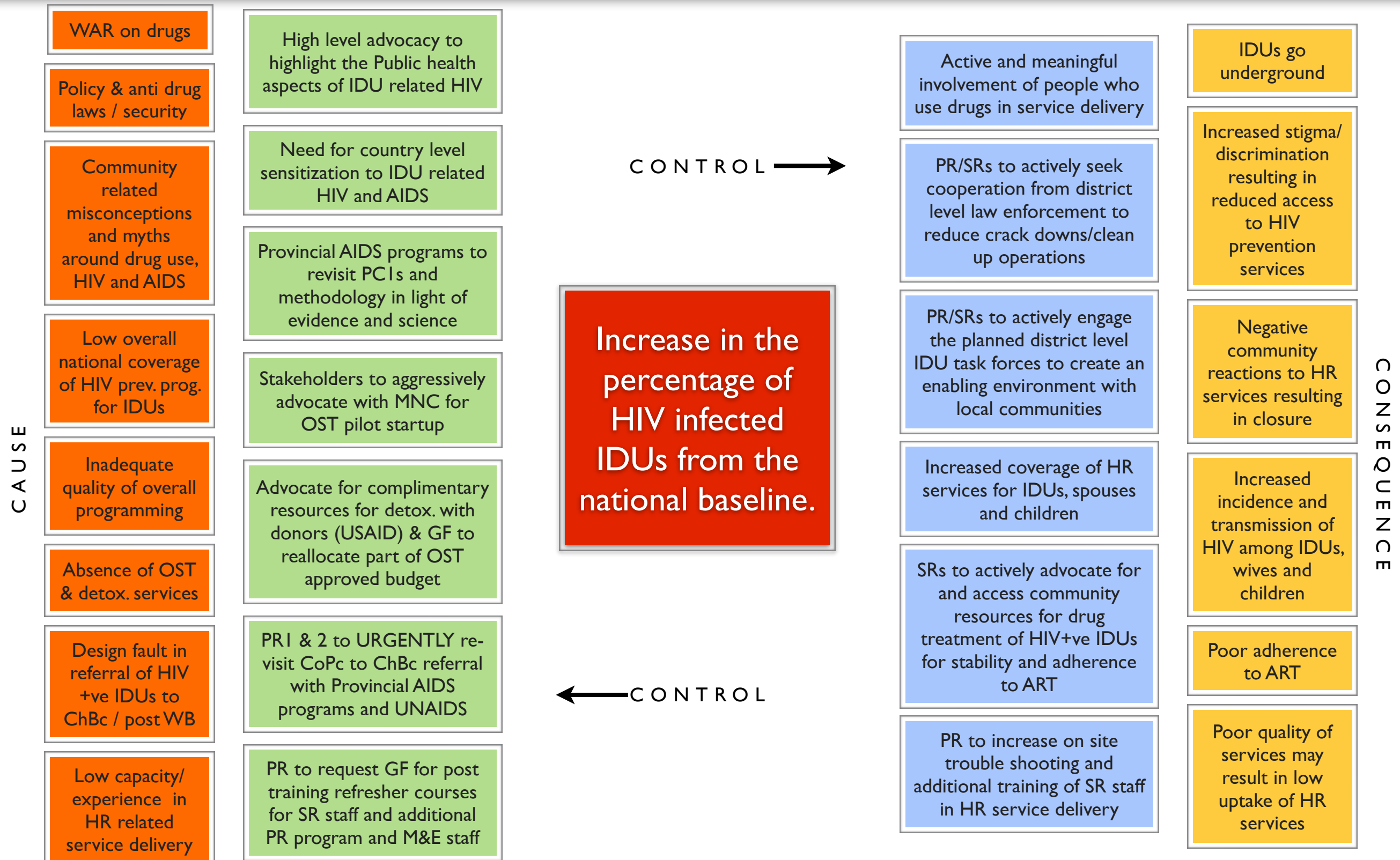
SR's ROLL-OUT IN 24 DISTRICTS

GLOBAL FUND ROUND 9 SPECIFIC



Programmatic & Performance

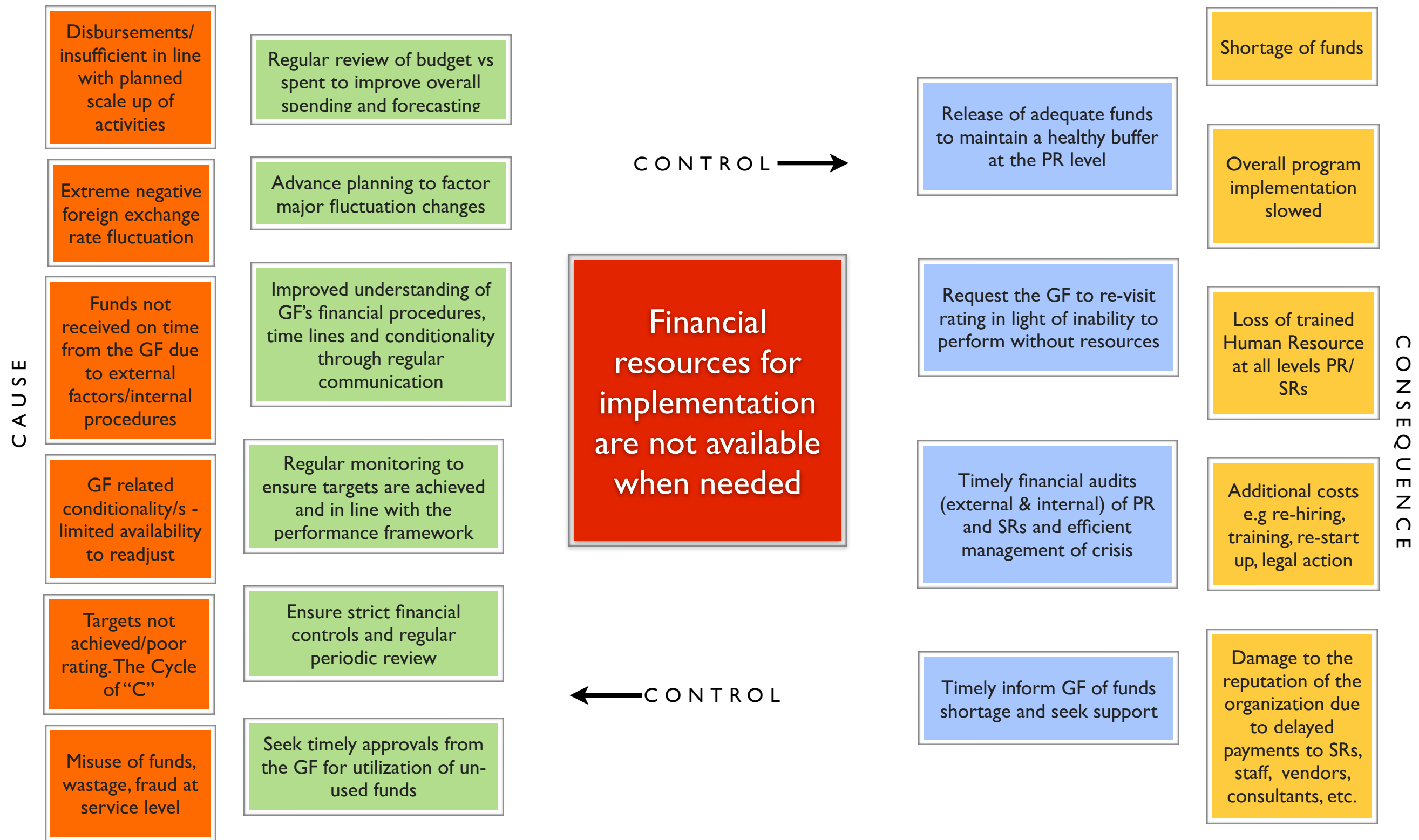
RISK ASSESSMENT HIGH LIKELIHOOD AND HIGH IMPACT



Fiduciary and Financial

RISK ASSESSMENT

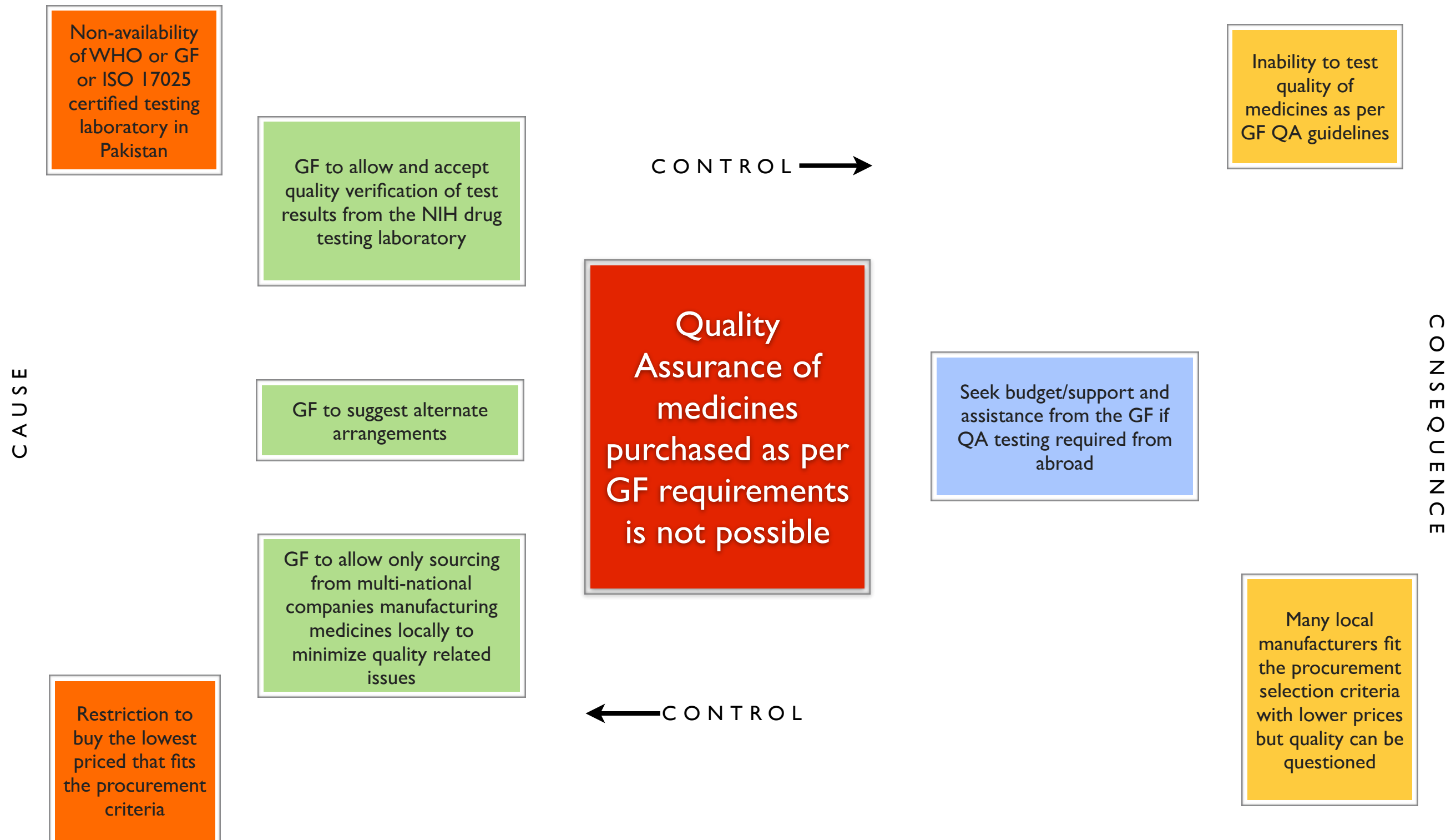
MEDIUM LIKELIHOOD AND HIGH IMPACT



Health Services & Products

RISK ASSESSMENT

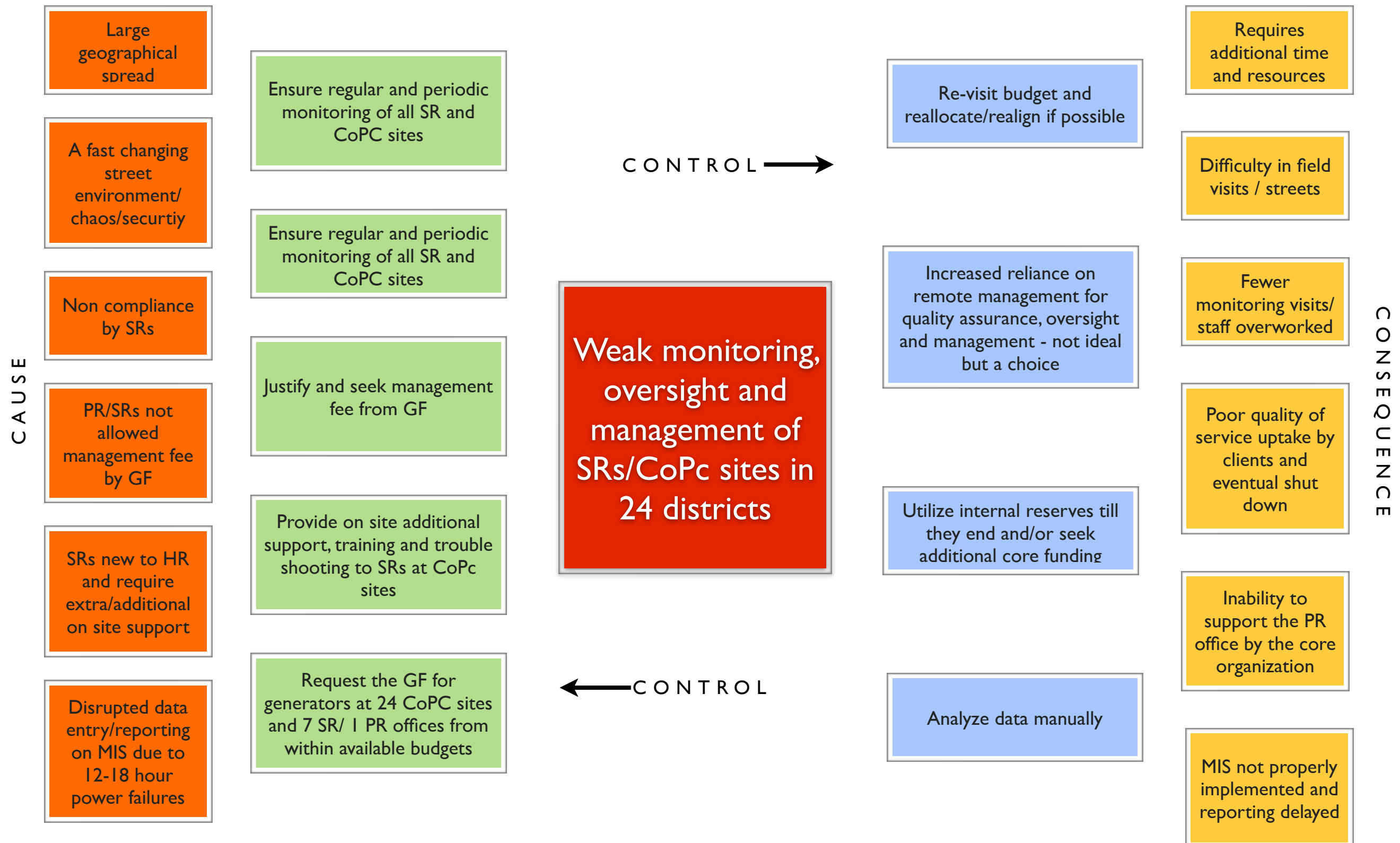
MEDIUM LIKELIHOOD AND LOW IMPACT



Governance, Oversight and Management

RISK ASSESSMENT

MEDIUM LIKELIHOOD AND HIGH IMPACT



THANK
YOU